Homelands

Apartheid: [afrikaans, from apart, means "Trennung"] apartheid between white and black. 1950 every African was from law rationed to a race. (Rasse) → Population Registration Act

every men his housing area. Whites more political, social, cultural privileges and rights than blacks. Everywhere strict race-apartheid (houses, toilets etc.).

The development of the Homelands and their buildup:

Beginning came with Hendrik Frensch Verwoerd, the premier minister of S.A. from 1958 to 1966. He turned the reservates of the black people to Homelands. Aim was to create independent Homelands without loosing the cheap black workers. On the one hand, with apartheid he wanted to have a reason for all these social and economic differences and on the other hand, didn't want to have a black government. Lots black people should be excluded (ausgegliedert) for to have a white government.

By the white apartheid-leaders, the Homelands called "Bantustan". Bantustan is a name here ment deprecative (abwertend). Normally, every tribe had his own territorium in reservates, changed with the homelands.

So all the 42 reservates were combined to 8 Homelands. But that was a cultural problem. Every reservate had his own culture. With homelands, all cultures were mixed. Government gave commissar as the highest chief, so blacks weren't free. Later, it was allowed to make own laws in the Homelands. \rightarrow after a while 10 Homelands, because the 8 were overcrowded.

Ever more poorness, because blacks no rights or social high state.

10 Homelands (Ciskei, KwaNdebele und QwaQwa, nicht zusammenhängend die Homelands Transkei, KwaZulu, Gazankulu, Bophuthatswana, Lebowa, Venda und KaNgwane.)

→Homelands should be independent territories, but by the time they turn to subordinated areas. There were no rights and no economy for the black peoples.